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Gallatin Valley Seed Company, Inc.



Yellow SH2

Aubade: is a mid to full season Yellow Sh2 with good disease resistance and excellent emergence vigor and uniformity. High quality frozen cut and cob with excellent processing recover. Husk cover and tip fill is good and very appealing for cob cut.

Yellow SH2

Moonshine is an attractive and consistent sweet corn with excellent yield potential, good sugar and strong agronomic characteristics. Moonshine has excellent husk protection, tip fill, glossy yellow kernels, and straight rowing. Ears are 8.1" with 18 rows and deep kernels to enhance recoveries.



White SH2

GVS 0210 - A 78 day white super sweet with good emergence that makes well formed ears with good cylindrical shape and 18 row count. Sugar is very good, color stays white during processing. GVS 0210 is easily identified by its remarkably clean plant and large flag leaves with good kernel depth.

Technical Specifications

| Variety | Type | Approx. Days to Maturity | Average Heat Units to Maturity (F) | Average ear length | Average ear diameter | Average row count | Average Kernel Depth "mm" | Disease Resistance* |
|-----------|------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| AUBADE | Yellow Sh2 | 81 | 1500 | 8.2 | 2 | 16-18 | 11 | IR: ET/ Ps (multigene) HR: Pst |
| MOONSHINE | Yellow Sh2 | 81 | 1500 | 8.1 | 2 | 18 | 12 | IR: Et/Ps (RP1-d) HR: Pst |
| GVS 0210 | White Sh2 | 78 | 1450 | 8 | 1.9 | 16-18 | 12 | IR: Et/Ps (RP1-d) HR: Pst |

*Average of test. Will vary by environment
 KEY TO RESISTANCE ABBREVIATIONS

Bm Southern corn leaf blight caused by Bipolaris maydis
Et Northern corn leaf blight caused by Ecerohilum turcicum
MDMV Maize dwarf mosaic virus
Ps Common rust- Puccinia sorghi (Rp1-d)
Pst Steward's wilt caused by Pantoea stewartii

HR **High Resistance:** describes plant varieties that highly restrict the growth and development of the specified pest or pathogen under normal pest or pathogen pressure when compared to susceptible varieties. Highly resistant varieties may, however, exhibit some symptoms or damage under heavy pest or pathogen pressure.

IR **Intermediate Resistance:** describes plant varieties that restrict the growth and development of the specified pest or pathogen, but may exhibit a greater range of symptoms or damage compared to highly resistant varieties. Intermediately resistant varieties will still show less severe symptoms or damage than susceptible plant varieties when grown under similar environmental conditions and/or pathogen pressure.

In cases where specific races or strains are not noted the variety is resistant to some, but not necessarily all known races or strains of the pathogen.